

# **Event Handling**

12 Marks



### **Event Classes**



EventObject is a superclass of all events.

 AWTEvent is a superclass of all AWT events that are handled by the delegation event model.

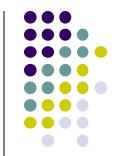
Event Class	Description
ActionEvent	Generated when a button is pressed, a list item is double-clicked, or a menu item is selected.
AdjustmentEvent	Generated when a scroll bar is manipulated.
ComponentEvent	Generated when a component is hidden, moved, resized, or becomes visible.
ContainerEvent	Generated when a component is added to or removed from a container.
FocusEvent	Generated when a component gains or loses keyboard focus.
InputEvent	Abstract super class for all component input event classes.
ItemEvent	Generated when a check box or list item is clicked; also occurs when a choice selection is made or a checkable menu item is selected or deselected.

Table 20-1. Main Event Classes in Java.awt.event



Event Class	Description
KeyEvent	Generated when input is received from the keyboard.
MouseEvent	Generated when the mouse is dragged, moved, clicked, pressed, or released; also generated when the mouse enters or exits a component.
MouseWheelEvent	Generated when the mouse wheel is moved. (Added by Java 2, version 1.4)
TextEvent	Generated when the value of a text area or text field is changed.
WindowEvent	Generated when a window is activated, closed, deactivated, deiconified, iconified, opened, or quit.

## The ActionEvent Class



 The ActionEvent class defines three type ACTION\_FIRST, ACTION\_LAST and ACTION\_PERFORMED

 The ActionEvent class defines four integer constants ALT\_MASK, CTRL\_MASK, META\_MASK, and SHIFT\_MASK

ActionEvent has these three constructors:

ActionEvent(Object *src*, *int type*, *String cmd*)
ActionEvent(Object *src*, *int type*, *String cmd*, *int modifiers*)
ActionEvent(Object *src*, *int type*, *String cmd*, *long when*, *int modifiers*)

## The Adjustment Event Class

The user clicked inside the scroll bar to decrease

its value.

BLOCK\_INCREMENT The user clicked inside the scroll bar to increase

its value.

TRACK The slider was dragged.

BLOCK DECREMENT

UNIT DECREMENT The button at the end of the scroll bar was clicked

to decrease its value.

UNIT INCREMENT The button at the end of the scroll bar was clicked

to increase its value.

AdjustmentEvent(Adjustable src, int id, int type, int data)



# The ComponentEvent Class

COMPONENT\_HIDDEN The component was hidden.

COMPONENT\_MOVED The component was moved.

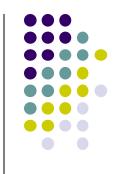
COMPONENT\_RESIZED The component was resized.

COMPONENT\_SHOWN The component became visible.

ComponentEvent(Component src, int type)



## The ContainerEvent Class



 The ContainerEvent class defines int constants that can be used to identify them:

**COMPONENT ADDED and COMPONENT REMOVED** 

ContainerEvent(Component src, int type, Component comp)

## The FocusEvent Class



 These events are identified by the integer constants

### FOCUS\_GAINED and FOCUS\_LOST

FocusEvent(Component src, int type)

FocusEvent(Component src, int type, boolean temporaryFlag)

Focus Event(Component src, int type, boolean temporaryFlag, Component other)

# The InputEvent Class

InputEvent defines several integer constants that represent any modifiers, such as the control key being pressed, that might be associated with the event

ALT\_MASK BUTTON2\_MASK META\_MASK

ALT\_GRAPH\_MASK BUTTON3\_MASK SHIFT\_MASK

BUTTON1\_MASK CTRL\_MASK

ALT\_DOWN\_MASK ALT\_GRAPH\_DOWN\_MASK BUTTON1\_DOWN\_MASK

BUTTON2\_DOWN\_MASK BUTTON3\_DOWN\_MASK CTRL\_DOWN\_MASK

META\_DOWN\_MASK SHIFT\_DOWN\_MASK

 To test if a modifier was pressed at the time an event is generated, use the

isAltDown( ), isAltGraphDown( ),
 isControlDown( ), isMetaDown( ), and
isShiftDown( ) methods.

### The ItemEvent Class

 An ItemEvent is generated when a check box or a list item is clicked or when a checkable menu item is selected or deselected.

DESELECTED

The user deselected an item.

SELECTED

The user selected an item.

#### ItemEvent has this constructor:

ItemEvent(ItemSelectable src, int type, Object entry, int state)

## The KeyEvent Class

 There are three types of key events, which are identified by these integer constants:

**KEY\_PRESSED**, **KEY\_RELEASED**, and **KEY\_TYPED** 

There are many other integer constants that are defined by KeyEvent.

VK\_0 through VK\_9 and VK\_A through VK\_Z

VK\_ENTER VK\_ESCAPE VK\_CANCEL VK\_UP

VK\_DOWN VK\_LEFT VK\_RIGHT VK\_PAGE\_DOWN

VK\_PAGE\_UP VK\_SHIFT VK\_ALT VK\_CONTROL

KeyEvent(Component *src*, *int type*, *long when*, *int modifiers*, *int code*) KeyEvent(Component *src*, *int type*, *long when*, *int modifiers*, *int code*, *char ch*)

## The MouseEvent Class

MOUSE\_CLICKED The user clicked the mouse.

MOUSE\_DRAGGED The user dragged the mouse.

MOUSE\_ENTERED The mouse entered a component.

MOUSE\_EXITED The mouse exited from a component.

MOUSE\_MOVED The mouse moved.

MOUSE\_PRESSED The mouse was pressed.

MOUSE\_RELEASED The mouse was released.

MOUSE\_WHEEL The mouse wheel was moved (Java 2, v1.4).

MouseEvent is a subclass of InputEvent. Here is one of its constructors.

MouseEvent(Component src, int type, long when, int modifiers, int x, int y, int clicks, boolean triggersPopup)

## The TextEvent Class

TextEvent defines the integer constant



TEXT\_VALUE\_CHANGED

The one constructor for this class is shown here:

TextEvent(Object src, int type)

## The WindowEvent Class



WINDOW\_ACTIVATED The window was activated.

WINDOW\_CLOSED The window has been closed.

WINDOW\_CLOSING The user requested that the window

be closed.

WINDOW\_DEACTIVATED The window was deactivated.

WINDOW\_DEICONIFIED The window was deiconified.

WINDOW\_GAINED\_FOCUS The window gained input focus.

WINDOW\_ICONIFIED The window was iconified.

WINDOW\_LOST\_FOCUS The window lost input focus.

WINDOW\_OPENED The window was opened.

WINDOW\_STATE\_CHANGED The state of the window changed.
(Added by Java 2, version 1.4.)

WindowEvent is a subclass of ComponentEvent. It defines several constructors.

The first is

WindowEvent(Window src, int type)

# **Delegation Event Model**



#### The ActionListener Interface

This interface defines the actionPerformed() method that is invoked when an action event occurs. Its general form is shown here:

void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)

### The AdjustmentListener Interface

This interface defines the adjustmentValueChanged() method that is invoked when an adjustment event occurs. Its general form is shown here:

void adjustmentValueChanged(AdjustmentEvent ae)

### The ComponentListener Interface

This interface defines four methods that are invoked when a component is resized, moved, shown, or hidden. Their general forms are shown here:

void componentResized(ComponentEvent ce) void componentMoved(ComponentEvent ce) void componentShown(ComponentEvent ce) void componentHidden(ComponentEvent ce)



#### The ContainerListener Interface

This interface contains two methods. When a component is added to a container, componentAdded() is invoked. When a component is removed from a container, componentRemoved() is invoked. Their general forms are shown here:

void componentAdded(ContainerEvent ce) void componentRemoved(ContainerEvent ce)

#### The FocusListener Interface

This interface defines two methods. When a component obtains keyboard focus, focusGained() is invoked. When a component loses keyboard focus, focusLost() is called. Their general forms are shown here:

void focusGained(FocusEvent fe)
void focusLost(FocusEvent fe)

#### The ItemListener Interface

void itemStateChanged(ItemEvent ie)



### The KeyListener Interface

The general forms of these methods are shown here:

void keyPressed(KeyEvent ke)

void keyReleased(KeyEvent ke)

void keyTyped(KeyEvent ke)

#### The MouseListener Interface

void mouseClicked(MouseEvent me)

void mouseEntered(MouseEvent me)

void mouseExited(MouseEvent me)

void mousePressed(MouseEvent me)

void mouseReleased(MouseEvent me)

#### The MouseMotionListener Interface

void mouseDragged(MouseEvent me)
void mouseMoved(MouseEvent me)



#### The TextListener Interface

void textChanged(TextEvent te)

### The WindowFocusListener Interface

void windowGainedFocus(WindowEvent we) void windowLostFocus(WindowEvent we)

### The WindowListener Interface

void windowActivated(WindowEvent we)
void windowClosed(WindowEvent we)
void windowClosing(WindowEvent we)
void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent we)
void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent we)
void windowIconified(WindowEvent we)
void windowOpened(WindowEvent we)



# Adapter Classes



- Java adapter classes provide the default implementation of listener interfaces.
- If you inherit the adapter class, you will not be forced to provide the implementation of all the methods of listener interfaces.
- It saves code.

# Advantages of Adapter classes

- It assists the unrelated classes to work combinedly.
- It provides ways to use classes in different ways.
- It increases the transparency of classes.
- It provides a way to include related patterns in the class.
- It provides a pluggable kit for developing an application.
- It increases the reusability of the class.





Adapter class	Listener interface
WindowAdapter	WindowListener
KeyAdapter	KeyListener
MouseAdapter	MouseListener
MouseMotionAdapter	MouseMotionListener
FocusAdapter	FocusListener
ComponentAdapter	ComponentListener
ContainerAdapter	ContainerListener
HierarchyBoundsAdapter	HierarchyBoundsListener





Adapter class	Listener interface
DragSourceAdapter	DragSourceListener
DragTargetAdapter	DragTargetListener

# javax.swing.event Adapter classes

Adapter class	Listener interface
MouseInputAdapter	MouseInputListener
InternalFrameAdapter	InternalFrameListener

Program (Windows)

Program (Mouse)